

[Read download] Hannibal: The Military Biography of Rome's Greatest Enemy

Hannibal: The Military Biography of Rome's Greatest Enemy

Von Richard A. Gabriel
*audiobook / *ebooks / Download PDF / ePub / DOC*

HANNIBAL

*The
Military Biography
of Rome's
Greatest Enemy*

RICHARD A. GABRIEL



Potomac Books, Inc.
Washington, D.C.

DOWNLOAD



READ ONLINE

Produktinformation -Verkaufsrank: #743771 in eBooksVerffentlicht am: 2011-02-28Erscheinungsdatum:
2011-02-28File Name: B005G7GS4Y | File size: 45.Mb

Von Richard A. Gabriel : Hannibal: The Military Biography of Rome's Greatest Enemy before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Hannibal: The Military Biography of Rome's Greatest Enemy:

KundenrezensionenHilfreichste Kundenrezensionen0 von 0 Kunden fanden die folgende Rezension hilfreich. Dieses

Buch über Hannibal... Von El viejo lobo... gehört zu den besten Biografien, die ich kenne. Der Autor schreibt so, dass man dem Gefühl zu erliegen droht, man befinde sich mitten im Geschehen. Es ist ein echtes Lese-Vergnügen. Dazu kommen die historisch fundierten Kenntnisse. Es gibt zwar über Hannibal preiswertere Bücher, aber wenig bessere.

Kurzbeschreibung The Romans destruction of Carthage after the Third Punic War erased any Carthaginian historical record of Hannibals life. What we know of him comes exclusively from Roman historians who had every interest in minimizing his success, exaggerating his failures, and disparaging his character. The charges leveled against Hannibal include greed, cruelty and atrocity, sexual indulgence, and even cannibalism. But even these sources were forced to grudgingly admit to Hannibals military genius, if only to make their eventual victory over him appear greater. Yet there is no doubt that Hannibal was the greatest Carthaginian general of the Second Punic War. When he did not defeat them outright, he fought to a standstill the best generals Rome produced, and he sustained his army in the field for sixteen long years without mutiny or desertion. Hannibal was a first-rate tactician, only a somewhat lesser strategist, and the greatest enemy Rome ever faced. When he at last met defeat at the hands of the Roman general Scipio, it was against an experienced officer who had to strengthen and reconfigure the Roman legion and invent mobile tactics in order to succeed. Even so, Scipios victory at Zama was against an army that was a shadow of its former self. The battle could easily have gone the other way. If it had, the history of the West would have been changed in ways that can only be imagined. Richard A. Gabriels brilliant new biography shows how Hannibals genius nearly unseated the Roman Empire. **Pressestimmen** "In "Hannibal," perhaps his best book yet, the distinguished military historian Richard Gabriel examines the life and campaigns of the great Carthaginian general in the Second Punic War. Gabriel explains how Hannibal turned a multicultural mass of Carthaginians, Iberians, Gauls, and others into one of the most effective armies in history, with which he very nearly destroyed the rising power of Rome. Combining a brilliant analysis of the strategic intricacies of the war, and a detailed examination of Hannibal s strategy and tactics, with a careful analysis of largely overlooked logistical issues, Gabriel has produced a very valuable work of ancient military history that will interest and impress historians and general readers alike." Albert A. Nofi, contributor for "Military Chronicles" and author of "To Train the Fleet for War"--Albert A. Nofi **Kurzbeschreibung** The Romans destruction of Carthage after the Third Punic War erased any Carthaginian historical record of Hannibals life. What we know of him comes exclusively from Roman historians who had every interest in minimizing his success, exaggerating his failures, and disparaging his character. The charges leveled against Hannibal include greed, cruelty and atrocity, sexual indulgence, and even cannibalism. But even these sources were forced to grudgingly admit to Hannibals military genius, if only to make their eventual victory over him appear greater. Yet there is no doubt that Hannibal was the greatest Carthaginian general of the Second Punic War. When he did not defeat them outright, he fought to a standstill the best generals Rome produced, and he sustained his army in the field for sixteen long years without mutiny or desertion. Hannibal was a first-rate tactician, only a somewhat lesser strategist, and the greatest enemy Rome ever faced. When he at last met defeat at the hands of the Roman general Scipio, it was against an experienced officer who had to strengthen and reconfigure the Roman legion and invent mobile tactics in order to succeed. Even so, Scipios victory at Zama was against an army that was a shadow of its former self. The battle could easily have gone the other way. If it had, the history of the West would have been changed in ways that can only be imagined. Richard A. Gabriels brilliant new biography shows how Hannibals genius nearly unseated the Roman Empire.